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ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION  
OF

Beijing Jingneng Clean Energy Co., Limited

北京京能清潔能源電力股份有限公司

(Incorporated in the People's Republic of China)

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\* The English text of the Articles of Association shall prevail over the Chinese text in case of any inconsistency.

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[illegible]

## Chapter 1 General

## Article 1

E<sub>1</sub>, E<sub>2</sub>, ..., E<sub>n</sub> (**Company**)

A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub>, ..., A<sub>m</sub>

( ), E<sub>i</sub>, A<sub>j</sub>

( ),

A<sub>k</sub>, A<sub>l</sub>

A<sub>p</sub>, A<sub>q</sub>

E<sub>r</sub>

## Article 2

1. *Pharmaceutical industry* – The pharmaceutical industry is a major contributor to the economy of the United States. It is a highly competitive industry with a high level of innovation. The industry is characterized by a high level of research and development, which is essential for the development of new drugs. The industry is also characterized by a high level of marketing, which is essential for the promotion of new drugs. The industry is a major source of employment in the United States.

A. ... ( ... ) ( ... 2010 ... 757), ... A. ... E. ...  
A. ... 3 A. ... 2010, ... A. ...  
... E. ...  
... ( ... 2010 ... 822), ... 13 A. ... 2010, ...  
... E. ...  
... 30 A. ... 2010, ... E. ...  
... A. ... 25 A. ... 2010, ...  
... ( ... 91110000101718150E) ...

[illegible]

## Article 3

北京京能清洁能源電力股份有限公司;











Article 21. The total number of shares of the Company is 8,244,508,144 shares of the Company's common stock, all of which are authorized for issuance.

Article 22. The total number of shares of the Company is 5,081,793,482 shares of the Company's common stock, all of which are authorized for issuance.

Article 23. The total number of shares of the Company is 92,654,249 shares of the Company's common stock, all of which are authorized for issuance.

Article 24. The total number of shares of the Company is 224,348,291 shares of the Company's common stock, all of which are authorized for issuance.

Article 25. The total number of shares of the Company is 16,035,322 shares of the Company's common stock, all of which are authorized for issuance.

Article 26. The total number of shares of the Company is 2,829,676,800 shares of the Company's common stock, all of which are authorized for issuance.

## Article 22

Article 22. The total number of shares of the Company is 11,000,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, all of which are authorized for issuance.

## Article 23

Article 23. The total number of shares of the Company is 10,000,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, all of which are authorized for issuance.

Article 24. The total number of shares of the Company is 15,000,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, all of which are authorized for issuance.

## Article 24

Article 24. The total number of shares of the Company is 10,000,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, all of which are authorized for issuance.

## Article 25

Article 25. The total number of shares of the Company is 8,244,508,144.

## Article 26

[illegible]

## Article 27

Figure 1. The effect of the concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension on the transformation efficiency of *Agrobacterium* strains. The number of transformed cells was determined by the number of colonies obtained on the selective medium. The results are the mean of three independent experiments. Error bars represent standard deviation.

## Article 28

[illegible]

25%

## Article 29

Figure 1: A 3D visualization of the 1000 random samples from the posterior distribution of the parameters of the 1000 simulated models. The plot shows three axes: 'Model' (1 to 1000), 'Parameter' (1 to 10), and 'Value' (0 to 1). The data points are colored by value, with a color bar on the right ranging from 0 (blue) to 1 (red). The plot shows a dense distribution of points, with a higher concentration of points at lower values (blue) and a lower concentration at higher values (red).

30

[illegible]

## Chapter 4 Increase, Reduction and Repurchase of Shares

### Article 30

A company may increase its share capital by issuing new shares, provided that the company has not previously reduced its share capital. A company may also increase its share capital by issuing new shares in exchange for its existing shares, provided that the company has not previously reduced its share capital. A company may also increase its share capital by issuing new shares in exchange for its existing shares, provided that the company has not previously reduced its share capital.

(1) A company may increase its share capital by issuing new shares;

(2) A company may increase its share capital by issuing new shares in exchange for its existing shares;

(3) A company may increase its share capital by issuing new shares in exchange for its existing shares, provided that the company has not previously reduced its share capital;

(4) A company may increase its share capital by issuing new shares in exchange for its existing shares, provided that the company has not previously reduced its share capital;

(5) A company may increase its share capital by issuing new shares in exchange for its existing shares, provided that the company has not previously reduced its share capital. A company may also increase its share capital by issuing new shares in exchange for its existing shares, provided that the company has not previously reduced its share capital. A company may also increase its share capital by issuing new shares in exchange for its existing shares, provided that the company has not previously reduced its share capital.

### Article 31

A company may reduce its share capital by repurchasing its shares, provided that the company has not previously increased its share capital. A company may also reduce its share capital by repurchasing its shares, provided that the company has not previously increased its share capital. A company may also reduce its share capital by repurchasing its shares, provided that the company has not previously increased its share capital.

### Article 32

A company may repurchase its shares, provided that the company has not previously increased its share capital. A company may also repurchase its shares, provided that the company has not previously increased its share capital. A company may also repurchase its shares, provided that the company has not previously increased its share capital.

A company may repurchase its shares, provided that the company has not previously increased its share capital. A company may also repurchase its shares, provided that the company has not previously increased its share capital. A company may also repurchase its shares, provided that the company has not previously increased its share capital.

A company may repurchase its shares, provided that the company has not previously increased its share capital. A company may also repurchase its shares, provided that the company has not previously increased its share capital. A company may also repurchase its shares, provided that the company has not previously increased its share capital.

## Article 33

$\mathbb{R}^n$  is a vector space over  $\mathbb{R}$  with the standard inner product. Let  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  be a symmetric matrix. Then  $\mathbf{A}$  can be diagonalized by an orthogonal matrix  $\mathbf{Q}$ , i.e.,  $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{Q} \mathbf{\Lambda} \mathbf{Q}^T$ , where  $\mathbf{\Lambda}$  is a diagonal matrix containing the eigenvalues of  $\mathbf{A}$ . The columns of  $\mathbf{Q}$  are the eigenvectors of  $\mathbf{A}$ .

- [illegible]

$\mathbb{R}^n$  is a vector space over  $\mathbb{R}$  with the standard inner product. Let  $\mathcal{H}$  be a Hilbert space. A linear operator  $T$  on  $\mathcal{H}$  is called self-adjoint if  $T = T^*$ , where  $T^*$  is the adjoint of  $T$ . The spectrum of  $T$ , denoted by  $\sigma(T)$ , is the set of all  $\lambda \in \mathbb{C}$  such that  $T - \lambda I$  is not invertible. For a self-adjoint operator  $T$ , the spectrum is real. The spectral theorem states that for a self-adjoint operator  $T$  on a Hilbert space  $\mathcal{H}$ , there exists a unique projection-valued measure  $E$  on the Borel subsets of  $\mathbb{R}$  such that
 
$$T = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \lambda dE(\lambda).$$
 The spectral measure  $E$  is supported on the spectrum of  $T$ . The spectral theorem is a fundamental result in functional analysis, providing a powerful tool for studying self-adjoint operators.

## Article 34

$\mathcal{A}^{\text{red}} = \{A \in \mathcal{A} \mid \text{rank}(A) \leq r\}$  and  $\mathcal{A}^{\text{full}} = \{A \in \mathcal{A} \mid \text{rank}(A) = r\}$ . The set  $\mathcal{A}^{\text{red}}$  is a closed submanifold of  $\mathcal{A}$  and  $\mathcal{A}^{\text{full}}$  is an open submanifold of  $\mathcal{A}$ . The set  $\mathcal{A}^{\text{full}}$  is a regular submanifold of  $\mathcal{A}$  and  $\mathcal{A}^{\text{red}}$  is a singular submanifold of  $\mathcal{A}$ . The set  $\mathcal{A}^{\text{full}}$  is a regular submanifold of  $\mathcal{A}$  and  $\mathcal{A}^{\text{red}}$  is a singular submanifold of  $\mathcal{A}$ . The set  $\mathcal{A}^{\text{full}}$  is a regular submanifold of  $\mathcal{A}$  and  $\mathcal{A}^{\text{red}}$  is a singular submanifold of  $\mathcal{A}$ .

- [illegible]

The following table shows the results of the regression analysis for the dependent variable  $\ln Y$ . The independent variables are  $\ln X_1$ ,  $\ln X_2$ ,  $\ln X_3$ ,  $\ln X_4$ ,  $\ln X_5$ ,  $\ln X_6$ ,  $\ln X_7$ ,  $\ln X_8$ ,  $\ln X_9$ ,  $\ln X_{10}$ ,  $\ln X_{11}$ ,  $\ln X_{12}$ ,  $\ln X_{13}$ ,  $\ln X_{14}$ ,  $\ln X_{15}$ ,  $\ln X_{16}$ ,  $\ln X_{17}$ ,  $\ln X_{18}$ ,  $\ln X_{19}$ ,  $\ln X_{20}$ ,  $\ln X_{21}$ ,  $\ln X_{22}$ ,  $\ln X_{23}$ ,  $\ln X_{24}$ ,  $\ln X_{25}$ ,  $\ln X_{26}$ ,  $\ln X_{27}$ ,  $\ln X_{28}$ ,  $\ln X_{29}$ ,  $\ln X_{30}$ ,  $\ln X_{31}$ ,  $\ln X_{32}$ ,  $\ln X_{33}$ ,  $\ln X_{34}$ ,  $\ln X_{35}$ ,  $\ln X_{36}$ ,  $\ln X_{37}$ ,  $\ln X_{38}$ ,  $\ln X_{39}$ ,  $\ln X_{40}$ ,  $\ln X_{41}$ ,  $\ln X_{42}$ ,  $\ln X_{43}$ ,  $\ln X_{44}$ ,  $\ln X_{45}$ ,  $\ln X_{46}$ ,  $\ln X_{47}$ ,  $\ln X_{48}$ ,  $\ln X_{49}$ ,  $\ln X_{50}$ ,  $\ln X_{51}$ ,  $\ln X_{52}$ ,  $\ln X_{53}$ ,  $\ln X_{54}$ ,  $\ln X_{55}$ ,  $\ln X_{56}$ ,  $\ln X_{57}$ ,  $\ln X_{58}$ ,  $\ln X_{59}$ ,  $\ln X_{60}$ ,  $\ln X_{61}$ ,  $\ln X_{62}$ ,  $\ln X_{63}$ ,  $\ln X_{64}$ ,  $\ln X_{65}$ ,  $\ln X_{66}$ ,  $\ln X_{67}$ ,  $\ln X_{68}$ ,  $\ln X_{69}$ ,  $\ln X_{70}$ ,  $\ln X_{71}$ ,  $\ln X_{72}$ ,  $\ln X_{73}$ ,  $\ln X_{74}$ ,  $\ln X_{75}$ ,  $\ln X_{76}$ ,  $\ln X_{77}$ ,  $\ln X_{78}$ ,  $\ln X_{79}$ ,  $\ln X_{80}$ ,  $\ln X_{81}$ ,  $\ln X_{82}$ ,  $\ln X_{83}$ ,  $\ln X_{84}$ ,  $\ln X_{85}$ ,  $\ln X_{86}$ ,  $\ln X_{87}$ ,  $\ln X_{88}$ ,  $\ln X_{89}$ ,  $\ln X_{90}$ ,  $\ln X_{91}$ ,  $\ln X_{92}$ ,  $\ln X_{93}$ ,  $\ln X_{94}$ ,  $\ln X_{95}$ ,  $\ln X_{96}$ ,  $\ln X_{97}$ ,  $\ln X_{98}$ ,  $\ln X_{99}$ ,  $\ln X_{100}$ .

Figure 1. The effect of the concentration of the  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  solution on the amount of the  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  consumed in the reaction of the  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  with the  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  solution. The concentration of the  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  solution was 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.9, 2.0, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 3.0, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, 4.0, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6, 4.7, 4.8, 4.9, 5.0, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9, 6.0, 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.6, 6.7, 6.8, 6.9, 7.0, 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.5, 7.6, 7.7, 7.8, 7.9, 8.0, 8.1, 8.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5, 8.6, 8.7, 8.8, 8.9, 9.0, 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5, 9.6, 9.7, 9.8, 9.9, 10.0, 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.5, 10.6, 10.7, 10.8, 10.9, 11.0, 11.1, 11.2, 11.3, 11.4, 11.5, 11.6, 11.7, 11.8, 11.9, 12.0, 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.4, 12.5, 12.6, 12.7, 12.8, 12.9, 13.0, 13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6, 13.7, 13.8, 13.9, 14.0, 14.1, 14.2, 14.3, 14.4, 14.5, 14.6, 14.7, 14.8, 14.9, 15.0, 15.1, 15.2, 15.3, 15.4, 15.5, 15.6, 15.7, 15.8, 15.9, 16.0, 16.1, 16.2, 16.3, 16.4, 16.5, 16.6, 16.7, 16.8, 16.9, 17.0, 17.1, 17.2, 17.3, 17.4, 17.5, 17.6, 17.7, 17.8, 17.9, 18.0, 18.1, 18.2, 18.3, 18.4, 18.5, 18.6, 18.7, 18.8, 18.9, 19.0, 19.1, 19.2, 19.3, 19.4, 19.5, 19.6, 19.7, 19.8, 19.9, 20.0, 20.1, 20.2, 20.3, 20.4, 20.5, 20.6, 20.7, 20.8, 20.9, 21.0, 21.1, 21.2, 21.3, 21.4, 21.5, 21.6, 21.7, 21.8, 21.9, 22.0, 22.1, 22.2, 22.3, 22.4, 22.5, 22.6, 22.7, 22.8, 22.9, 23.0, 23.1, 23.2, 23.3, 23.4, 23.5, 23.6, 23.7, 23.8, 23.9, 24.0, 24.1, 24.2, 24.3, 24.4, 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9, 25.0, 25.1, 25.2, 25.3, 25.4, 25.5, 25.6, 25.7, 25.8, 25.9, 26.0, 26.1, 26.2, 26.3, 26.4, 26.5, 26.6, 26.7, 26.8, 26.9, 27.0, 27.1, 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, 27.5, 27.6, 27.7, 27.8, 27.9, 28.0, 28.1, 28.2, 28.3, 28.4, 28.5, 28.6, 28.7, 28.8, 28.9, 29.0, 29.1, 29.2, 29.3, 29.4, 29.5, 29.6, 29.7, 29.8, 29.9, 30.0, 30.1, 30.2, 30.3, 30.4, 30.5, 30.6, 30.7, 30.8, 30.9, 31.0, 31.1, 31.2, 31.3, 31.4, 31.5, 31.6, 31.7, 31.8, 31.9, 32.0, 32.1, 32.2, 32.3, 32.4, 32.5, 32.6, 32.7, 32.8, 32.9, 33.0, 33.1, 33.2, 33.3, 33.4, 33.5, 33.6, 33.7, 33.8, 33.9, 34.0, 34.1, 34.2, 34.3, 34.4, 34.5, 34.6, 34.7, 34.8, 34.9, 35.0, 35.1, 35.2, 35.3, 35.4, 35.5, 35.6, 35.7, 35.8, 35.9, 36.0, 36.1, 36.2, 36.3, 36.4, 36.5, 36.6, 36.7, 36.8, 36.9, 37.0, 37.1, 37.2, 37.3, 37.4, 37.5, 37.6, 37.7, 37.8, 37.9, 38.0, 38.1, 38.2, 38.3, 38.4, 38.5, 38.6, 38.7, 38.8, 38.9, 39.0, 39.1, 39.2, 39.3, 39.4, 39.5, 39.6, 39.7, 39.8, 39.9, 40.0, 40.1, 40.2, 40.3, 40.4, 40.5, 40.6, 40.7, 40.8, 40.9, 41.0, 41.1, 41.2, 41.3, 41.4, 41.5, 41.6, 41.7, 41.8, 41.9, 42.0, 42.1, 42.2, 42.3, 42.4, 42.5, 42.6, 42.7, 42.8, 42.9, 43.0, 43.1, 43.2, 43.3, 43.4, 43.5, 43.6, 43.7, 43.8, 43.9, 44.0, 44.1, 44.2, 44.3, 44.4, 44.5, 44.6, 44.7, 44.8, 44.9, 45.0, 45.1, 45.2, 45.3, 45.4, 45.5, 45.6, 45.7, 45.8, 45.9, 46.0, 46.1, 46.2, 46.3, 46.4, 46.5, 46.6, 46.7, 46.8, 46.9, 47.0, 47.1, 47.2, 47.3, 47.4, 47.5, 47.6, 47.7, 47.8, 47.9, 48.0, 48.1, 48.2, 48.3, 48.4, 48.5, 48.6, 48.7, 48.8, 48.9, 49.0, 49.1, 49.2, 49.3, 49.4, 49.5, 49.6, 49.7, 49.8, 49.9, 50.0, 50.1, 50.2, 50.3, 50.4, 50.5, 50.6, 50.7, 50.8, 50.9, 51.0, 51.1, 51.2, 51.3, 51.4, 51.5, 51.6, 51.7, 51.8, 51.9, 52.0, 52.1, 52.2, 52.3, 52.4, 52.5, 52.6, 52.7, 52.8, 52.9, 53.0, 53.1, 53.2, 53.3, 53.4, 53.5, 53.6, 53.7, 53.8, 53.9, 54.0, 54.1, 54.2, 54.3, 54.4, 54.5, 54.6, 54.7, 54.8, 54.9, 55.0, 55.1, 55.2, 55.3, 55.4, 55.5, 55.6, 55.7, 55.8, 55.9, 56.0, 56.1, 56.2, 56.3, 56.4, 56.5, 56.6, 56.7, 56.8, 56.9, 57.0, 57.1, 57.2, 57.3, 57.4, 57.5, 57.6, 57.7, 57.8, 57.9, 58.0, 58.1, 58.2, 58.3, 58.4, 58.5, 58.6, 58.7, 58.8, 58.9, 59.0, 59.1, 59.2, 59.3, 59.4, 59.5, 59.6, 59.7, 59.8, 59.9, 60.0, 60.1, 60.2, 60.3, 60.4, 60.5, 60.6, 60.7, 60.8, 60.9, 61.0, 61.1, 61.2, 61.3, 61.4, 61.5, 61.6, 61.7, 61.8, 61.9, 62.0, 62.1, 62.2, 62.3, 62.4, 62.5, 62.6, 62.7, 62.8, 62.9, 63.0, 63.1, 63.2, 63.3, 63.4, 63.5, 63.6, 63.7, 63.8, 63.9, 64.0, 64.1, 64.2, 64.3, 64.4, 64.5, 64.6, 64.7, 64.8, 64.9, 65.0, 65.1, 65.2, 65.3, 65.4, 65.5, 65.6, 65.7, 65.8, 65.9, 66.0, 66.1, 66.2, 66.3, 66.4, 66.5, 66.6, 66.7, 66.8, 66.9, 67.0, 67.1, 67.2, 67.3, 67.4, 67.5, 67.6, 67.7, 67.8, 67.9,

(5) (6)

33 (1), (2), 33 (3),

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_\lambda(\mathbf{X}) &= \mathcal{L}_\lambda(\mathbf{X}_1) \parallel \mathcal{L}_\lambda(\mathbf{X}_2) \parallel \dots \parallel \mathcal{L}_\lambda(\mathbf{X}_N) = \mathcal{L}_\lambda(\mathbf{X}_1) \parallel \mathcal{L}_\lambda(\mathbf{X}_2) \parallel \dots \parallel \mathcal{L}_\lambda(\mathbf{X}_N) \\ &= \mathcal{L}_\lambda(\mathbf{X}_1) \parallel \mathcal{L}_\lambda(\mathbf{X}_2) \parallel \dots \parallel \mathcal{L}_\lambda(\mathbf{X}_N) = \mathcal{L}_\lambda(\mathbf{X}_1) \parallel \mathcal{L}_\lambda(\mathbf{X}_2) \parallel \dots \parallel \mathcal{L}_\lambda(\mathbf{X}_N) \end{aligned}$$

10

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-x^2} dx$

(1)

(2)

Example 2 is a single melodic line on a five-line staff. It begins with a quarter note, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The melody includes several rests and is punctuated by bar lines. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

1. A. A. Zakharenko, *Usp. Mat. Nauk.*, **28**, No. 1, 1973.

2. A \_\_\_\_\_; \_\_\_\_\_;

3.  $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$  (the probability of getting heads on both coins).

(4) A  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -equivariant map  $\mathcal{A} : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$  is called a  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -equivariant vector field if  $\mathcal{A}(-x) = -\mathcal{A}(x)$ . A  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -equivariant vector field  $\mathcal{A}$  is called a  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -equivariant gradient vector field if there exists a  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -equivariant function  $\mathcal{V} : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $\mathcal{A}(x) = -\nabla \mathcal{V}(x)$  for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . In this case,  $\mathcal{V}$  is called a  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -equivariant potential function.

## Chapter 5 Financial Assistance for Purchase of Company Shares

## Article 39

[illegible][illegible]

... A ... A ... 39 ...

## Article 40

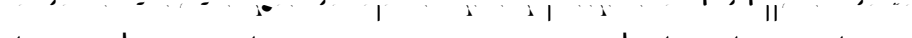
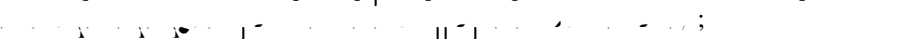

[illegible]

- [illegible]

[illegible]

## Article 41

Figure 1. A

- (1) 
- (2) 
- (3) 

- (4)  $\frac{A_{X+1}^1 - A_{X+1}^2}{A_{X+1}^1 - A_{X+1}^2} = \frac{A_{X+1}^1 - A_{X+1}^2}{A_{X+1}^1 - A_{X+1}^2}$ ;
- (5)  $\frac{A_{X+1}^1 - A_{X+1}^2}{A_{X+1}^1 - A_{X+1}^2} = \frac{A_{X+1}^1 - A_{X+1}^2}{A_{X+1}^1 - A_{X+1}^2}$ ;
- (6)  $\frac{A_{X+1}^1 - A_{X+1}^2}{A_{X+1}^1 - A_{X+1}^2} = \frac{A_{X+1}^1 - A_{X+1}^2}{A_{X+1}^1 - A_{X+1}^2}$ ;

## Chapter 6 Share Certificates and Register of Shareholders

### Article 42

...

### Article 43

...

### Article 44

- (1) ...
- (2) ...
- (3) ...



[illegible][illegible]

(6) 

[illegible]

## Article 45

[illegible][illegible]

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-x^2} dx$

## Article 46

*Journal of Management Education* 36(8) 907-924

[illegible]

(1) A  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -action on  $\mathbb{R}^n$  is given by  $x \mapsto -x$ . (2) (3)  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -action on  $\mathbb{R}^n$  is given by  $x \mapsto x$ .

[illegible][illegible]

## Article 47

[illegible]

1. *Illegible text*  
 2. *Illegible text*  
 3. *Illegible text*  
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## Article 51

A shareholder who has not received the share certificate issued by the company shall have the right to request the company to issue a share certificate to him or her.

## Article 52

A shareholder who has not received the share certificate issued by the company shall have the right to request the company to issue a share certificate to him or her. ( **Relevant Shares** ) **(Original Share Certificate)**

A shareholder who has not received the share certificate issued by the company shall have the right to request the company to issue a share certificate to him or her.

A shareholder who has not received the share certificate issued by the company shall have the right to request the company to issue a share certificate to him or her.

A shareholder who has not received the share certificate issued by the company shall have the right to request the company to issue a share certificate to him or her.

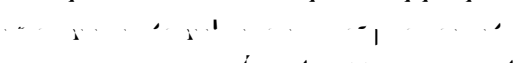

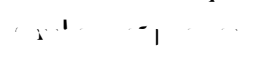

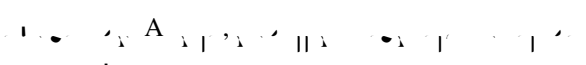


(1) A shareholder who has not received the share certificate issued by the company shall have the right to request the company to issue a share certificate to him or her.

(2) A shareholder who has not received the share certificate issued by the company shall have the right to request the company to issue a share certificate to him or her.

(3) A shareholder who has not received the share certificate issued by the company shall have the right to request the company to issue a share certificate to him or her.

(4) A shareholder who has not received the share certificate issued by the company shall have the right to request the company to issue a share certificate to him or her.

A shareholder who has not received the share certificate issued by the company shall have the right to request the company to issue a share certificate to him or her.

- (5)  (3)  (4) 
- (6)  
- (7)  

## Article 53

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{A} &= \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A}_{11} & \mathbf{A}_{12} \\ \mathbf{A}_{21} & \mathbf{A}_{22} \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{(n_1+n_2) \times (n_1+n_2)}, \quad \mathbf{A}_{11} \in \mathbb{R}^{n_1 \times n_1}, \quad \mathbf{A}_{12} \in \mathbb{R}^{n_1 \times n_2}, \\ \mathbf{A}_{21} &\in \mathbb{R}^{n_2 \times n_1}, \quad \mathbf{A}_{22} \in \mathbb{R}^{n_2 \times n_2}, \quad \mathbf{A}_{11} \text{ and } \mathbf{A}_{22} \text{ are symmetric and positive definite,} \\ &\text{and } \mathbf{A}_{12} = \mathbf{A}_{21}^T \text{ (} \mathbf{A}_{12} \text{ is not necessarily symmetric).} \end{aligned}$$

## Article 54

$\| \mathbf{A} \|_F = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n A_{ij}^2}$  and  $\| \mathbf{A} \|_1 = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n |A_{ij}|$ . The Frobenius norm  $\| \cdot \|_F$  is the most commonly used norm for matrices. The L1 norm  $\| \cdot \|_1$  is also used in some applications. The L2 norm  $\| \cdot \|_2$  is the most commonly used norm for vectors. The L1 norm  $\| \cdot \|_1$  is also used in some applications. The L2 norm  $\| \cdot \|_2$  is the most commonly used norm for vectors.

## Chapter 7 Rights and Obligations of Shareholders

## Article 55

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

- [illegible]





## Article 58

[illegible]

## Article 59

[illegible]

30

[illegible]

## Article 60

•  $\mathcal{A} = \{A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n\}$  is a family of  $n$  sets.  
 •  $\mathcal{A}$  is **independent** if for every subfamily  $\mathcal{B} \subseteq \mathcal{A}$ ,  
 $\bigcap_{A \in \mathcal{B}} A \neq \emptyset$ .  
 •  $\mathcal{A}$  is **maximal independent** if it is independent and  
 adding any other set to  $\mathcal{A}$  makes it dependent.

## Article 61

[illegible]

- [illegible]





Article 63

凡在本會中，凡有關於本會之事項，其決議之權限，除本會章程另有規定者外，均依下列各款之規定辦理。

- (1) 凡在本會中，凡有關於本會之事項，其決議之權限，除本會章程另有規定者外，均依下列各款之規定辦理。
- (2) 凡在本會中，凡有關於本會之事項，其決議之權限，除本會章程另有規定者外，均依下列各款之規定辦理。
- (3) 凡在本會中，凡有關於本會之事項，其決議之權限，除本會章程另有規定者外，均依下列各款之規定辦理。
- (4) 凡在本會中，凡有關於本會之事項，其決議之權限，除本會章程另有規定者外，均依下列各款之規定辦理。

Chapter 8 General Meeting

Section 1 凡在本會中，凡有關於本會之事項，其決議之權限，除本會章程另有規定者外，均依下列各款之規定辦理。

凡在本會中，凡有關於本會之事項，其決議之權限，除本會章程另有規定者外，均依下列各款之規定辦理。

- [illegible]

## Article 66

Figure 1. The effect of the concentration of the  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  solution on the amount of the  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  consumed in the reaction of the  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  solution with the  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  solution. The concentration of the  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  solution was 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.9, 2.0, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 3.0, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, 4.0, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6, 4.7, 4.8, 4.9, 5.0, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9, 6.0, 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.6, 6.7, 6.8, 6.9, 7.0, 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.5, 7.6, 7.7, 7.8, 7.9, 8.0, 8.1, 8.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5, 8.6, 8.7, 8.8, 8.9, 9.0, 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5, 9.6, 9.7, 9.8, 9.9, 10.0, 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.5, 10.6, 10.7, 10.8, 10.9, 11.0, 11.1, 11.2, 11.3, 11.4, 11.5, 11.6, 11.7, 11.8, 11.9, 12.0, 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.4, 12.5, 12.6, 12.7, 12.8, 12.9, 13.0, 13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6, 13.7, 13.8, 13.9, 14.0, 14.1, 14.2, 14.3, 14.4, 14.5, 14.6, 14.7, 14.8, 14.9, 15.0, 15.1, 15.2, 15.3, 15.4, 15.5, 15.6, 15.7, 15.8, 15.9, 16.0, 16.1, 16.2, 16.3, 16.4, 16.5, 16.6, 16.7, 16.8, 16.9, 17.0, 17.1, 17.2, 17.3, 17.4, 17.5, 17.6, 17.7, 17.8, 17.9, 18.0, 18.1, 18.2, 18.3, 18.4, 18.5, 18.6, 18.7, 18.8, 18.9, 19.0, 19.1, 19.2, 19.3, 19.4, 19.5, 19.6, 19.7, 19.8, 19.9, 20.0, 20.1, 20.2, 20.3, 20.4, 20.5, 20.6, 20.7, 20.8, 20.9, 21.0, 21.1, 21.2, 21.3, 21.4, 21.5, 21.6, 21.7, 21.8, 21.9, 22.0, 22.1, 22.2, 22.3, 22.4, 22.5, 22.6, 22.7, 22.8, 22.9, 23.0, 23.1, 23.2, 23.3, 23.4, 23.5, 23.6, 23.7, 23.8, 23.9, 24.0, 24.1, 24.2, 24.3, 24.4, 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9, 25.0, 25.1, 25.2, 25.3, 25.4, 25.5, 25.6, 25.7, 25.8, 25.9, 26.0, 26.1, 26.2, 26.3, 26.4, 26.5, 26.6, 26.7, 26.8, 26.9, 27.0, 27.1, 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, 27.5, 27.6, 27.7, 27.8, 27.9, 28.0, 28.1, 28.2, 28.3, 28.4, 28.5, 28.6, 28.7, 28.8, 28.9, 29.0, 29.1, 29.2, 29.3, 29.4, 29.5, 29.6, 29.7, 29.8, 29.9, 30.0, 30.1, 30.2, 30.3, 30.4, 30.5, 30.6, 30.7, 30.8, 30.9, 31.0, 31.1, 31.2, 31.3, 31.4, 31.5, 31.6, 31.7, 31.8, 31.9, 32.0, 32.1, 32.2, 32.3, 32.4, 32.5, 32.6, 32.7, 32.8, 32.9, 33.0, 33.1, 33.2, 33.3, 33.4, 33.5, 33.6, 33.7, 33.8, 33.9, 34.0, 34.1, 34.2, 34.3, 34.4, 34.5, 34.6, 34.7, 34.8, 34.9, 35.0, 35.1, 35.2, 35.3, 35.4, 35.5, 35.6, 35.7, 35.8, 35.9, 36.0, 36.1, 36.2, 36.3, 36.4, 36.5, 36.6, 36.7, 36.8, 36.9, 37.0, 37.1, 37.2, 37.3, 37.4, 37.5, 37.6, 37.7, 37.8, 37.9, 38.0, 38.1, 38.2, 38.3, 38.4, 38.5, 38.6, 38.7, 38.8, 38.9, 39.0, 39.1, 39.2, 39.3, 39.4, 39.5, 39.6, 39.7, 39.8, 39.9, 40.0, 40.1, 40.2, 40.3, 40.4, 40.5, 40.6, 40.7, 40.8, 40.9, 41.0, 41.1, 41.2, 41.3, 41.4, 41.5, 41.6, 41.7, 41.8, 41.9, 42.0, 42.1, 42.2, 42.3, 42.4, 42.5, 42.6, 42.7, 42.8, 42.9, 43.0, 43.1, 43.2, 43.3, 43.4, 43.5, 43.6, 43.7, 43.8, 43.9, 44.0, 44.1, 44.2, 44.3, 44.4, 44.5, 44.6, 44.7, 44.8, 44.9, 45.0, 45.1, 45.2, 45.3, 45.4, 45.5, 45.6, 45.7, 45.8, 45.9, 46.0, 46.1, 46.2, 46.3, 46.4, 46.5, 46.6, 46.7, 46.8, 46.9, 47.0, 47.1, 47.2, 47.3, 47.4, 47.5, 47.6, 47.7, 47.8, 47.9, 48.0, 48.1, 48.2, 48.3, 48.4, 48.5, 48.6, 48.7, 48.8, 48.9, 49.0, 49.1, 49.2, 49.3, 49.4, 49.5, 49.6, 49.7, 49.8, 49.9, 50.0, 50.1, 50.2, 50.3, 50.4, 50.5, 50.6, 50.7, 50.8, 50.9, 51.0, 51.1, 51.2, 51.3, 51.4, 51.5, 51.6, 51.7, 51.8, 51.9, 52.0, 52.1, 52.2, 52.3, 52.4, 52.5, 52.6, 52.7, 52.8, 52.9, 53.0, 53.1, 53.2, 53.3, 53.4, 53.5, 53.6, 53.7, 53.8, 53.9, 54.0, 54.1, 54.2, 54.3, 54.4, 54.5, 54.6, 54.7, 54.8, 54.9, 55.0, 55.1, 55.2, 55.3, 55.4, 55.5, 55.6, 55.7, 55.8, 55.9, 56.0, 56.1, 56.2, 56.3, 56.4, 56.5, 56.6, 56.7, 56.8, 56.9, 57.0, 57.1, 57.2, 57.3, 57.4, 57.5, 57.6, 57.7, 57.8, 57.9, 58.0, 58.1, 58.2, 58.3, 58.4, 58.5, 58.6, 58.7, 58.8, 58.9, 59.0, 59.1, 59.2, 59.3, 59.4, 59.5, 59.6, 59.7, 59.8, 59.9, 60.0, 60.1, 60.2, 60.3, 60.4, 60.5, 60.6, 60.7, 60.8, 60.9, 61.0, 61.1, 61.2, 61.3, 61.4, 61.5, 61.6, 61.7, 61.8, 61.9, 62.0, 62.1, 62.2, 62.3, 62.4, 62.5, 62.6, 62.7, 62.8, 62.9, 63.0, 63.1, 63.2, 63.3, 63.4, 63.5, 63.6, 63.7, 63.8, 63.9, 64.0, 64.1, 64.2, 64.3, 64.4, 64.5, 64.6, 64.7, 64.8, 64.9, 65.0, 65.1, 65.2, 65.3, 65.4, 65.5, 65.6, 65.7, 65.8, 65.9, 66.0, 66.1, 66.2, 66.3, 66.4, 66.5, 66.6, 66.7, 66.8, 66.9, 67.0, 67.1, 67.2, 67.3, 67.4, 67.5, 67.6, 67.7, 67.8, 67.9,

- (1)  $A_{\text{eff}} = 1$   $\Rightarrow$   $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = 50\%$   $\Rightarrow$   $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = 50\%$ ;
- (2)  $A_{\text{eff}} = 1$   $\Rightarrow$   $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = 30\%$   $\Rightarrow$   $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = 30\%$ ;
- (3)  $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = 70\%$   $\Rightarrow$   $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = 70\%$ ;
- (4)  $A_{\text{eff}} = 1$   $\Rightarrow$   $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = 10\%$   $\Rightarrow$   $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = 10\%$ ;
- (5)  $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = 10\%$   $\Rightarrow$   $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = 10\%$ ;
- (6)  $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = 10\%$   $\Rightarrow$   $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = 10\%$   $\Rightarrow$   $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = 10\%$ ;

$\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$  and  $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ .

## Article 67

[illegible]

## Article 68

[illegible]

## Article 69

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_1(\mathbf{X}, \mathbf{Y}, \mathbf{Z}) &= \frac{1}{2} \|\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{Y}\|_F^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\mathbf{X}\|_F^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\mathbf{Y}\|_F^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\mathbf{Z}\|_F^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \|\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{Y}\|_F^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\mathbf{X}\|_F^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\mathbf{Y}\|_F^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\mathbf{Z}\|_F^2 \end{aligned}$$

- [illegible]

## Article 70

[illegible]

A.  $\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{\text{A}} \\ \textcircled{\text{B}} \end{array}$

## Section 2 Proposing and Convening of General Meeting

## Article 71

$\mathcal{A} = \{A_1, \dots, A_n\}$  is a set of  $n$  matrices in  $\mathbb{R}^{m \times m}$  and  $\mathcal{B} = \{B_1, \dots, B_n\}$  is a set of  $n$  matrices in  $\mathbb{R}^{m \times m}$ . The matrices  $A_i$  and  $B_i$  are assumed to be symmetric and positive semi-definite. The matrices  $A_i$  and  $B_i$  are assumed to be symmetric and positive semi-definite. The matrices  $A_i$  and  $B_i$  are assumed to be symmetric and positive semi-definite.

[illegible]



(C)

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

*[Musical notation]*

[illegible][illegible]

## Article 78

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \text{A} & \text{B} & \text{C} & \text{D} & \text{E} & \text{F} & \text{G} \\ \text{A} & & & & & & \\ \text{B} & & & & & & \\ \text{C} & & & & & & \\ \text{D} & & & & & & \\ \text{E} & & & & & & \\ \text{F} & & & & & & \\ \text{G} & & & & & & \end{array}$$

- (1)  $\lambda \rightarrow \mu \parallel \tau = \sigma$ ,  $\bullet \in X = \emptyset$ ,  $\lambda \neq \mu$ ;
- (2)  $\lambda \rightarrow \mu \parallel \tau = \lambda$ ,  $\lambda \neq \mu$ ,  $\sigma = \tau$ ,  $\bullet \in X$ ;
- (3)  $\lambda \rightarrow \mu \parallel \tau = \lambda$ ,  $\lambda \neq \mu$ ,  $\sigma = \tau$ ,  $\bullet \notin X$ ;
- (4)  $\tau = \lambda \rightarrow \mu$ ,  $\lambda \neq \mu$ ,  $\sigma = \tau$ ,  $\bullet \in X$ ;
- (5)  $\tau = \lambda \rightarrow \mu$ ,  $\lambda \neq \mu$ ,  $\sigma = \tau$ ,  $\bullet \notin X$ ;
- (6)  $A_{\lambda} \rightarrow A_{\mu}$ ,  $\lambda \neq \mu$ ,  $\sigma = \tau$ ,  $\bullet \in X$ ;
- (7)  $\tau = \lambda \rightarrow \mu$ ,  $\lambda \neq \mu$ ,  $\sigma = \tau$ ,  $\bullet \notin X$ ;
- (8)  $\tau = \lambda \rightarrow \mu$ ,  $\lambda \neq \mu$ ,  $\sigma = \tau$ ,  $\bullet \in X$ ;
- (9)  $\tau = \lambda \rightarrow \mu$ ,  $\lambda \neq \mu$ ,  $\sigma = \tau$ ,  $\bullet \notin X$ ;
- (10)  $\tau = \lambda \rightarrow \mu$ ,  $\lambda \neq \mu$ ,  $\sigma = \tau$ ,  $\bullet \in X$ ;

## Article 79

[illegible]

- [illegible]

(4)  $\frac{1}{2} \leq \frac{X}{Y} < 1$  且  $\frac{X}{Y} \neq \frac{1}{2}$  时,  $\frac{X}{Y}$  的取值范围是  $\frac{1}{2} < \frac{X}{Y} < 1$  且  $\frac{X}{Y} \neq \frac{1}{2}$ ;

(5)  $\frac{X}{Y} < \frac{1}{2}$  且  $\frac{X}{Y} \neq \frac{1}{2}$  时,  $\frac{X}{Y}$  的取值范围是  $\frac{X}{Y} < \frac{1}{2}$  且  $\frac{X}{Y} \neq \frac{1}{2}$ ;

E  $\frac{X}{Y} = \frac{1}{2}$  时,  $\frac{X}{Y}$  的取值范围是  $\frac{X}{Y} = \frac{1}{2}$ ;

## Article 80

当  $\frac{X}{Y} = \frac{1}{2}$  时,  $\frac{X}{Y}$  的取值范围是  $\frac{X}{Y} = \frac{1}{2}$ ;

当  $\frac{X}{Y} < \frac{1}{2}$  且  $\frac{X}{Y} \neq \frac{1}{2}$  时,  $\frac{X}{Y}$  的取值范围是  $\frac{X}{Y} < \frac{1}{2}$  且  $\frac{X}{Y} \neq \frac{1}{2}$ ;

## Article 81

A  $\frac{X}{Y} = \frac{1}{2}$  时,  $\frac{X}{Y}$  的取值范围是  $\frac{X}{Y} = \frac{1}{2}$ ;

## Article 82

当  $\frac{X}{Y} = \frac{1}{2}$  时,  $\frac{X}{Y}$  的取值范围是  $\frac{X}{Y} = \frac{1}{2}$ ;

## Section 4 Convening General Meeting

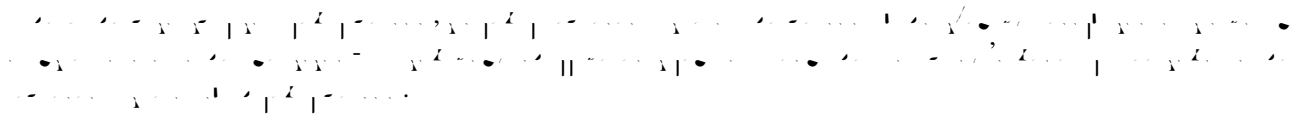
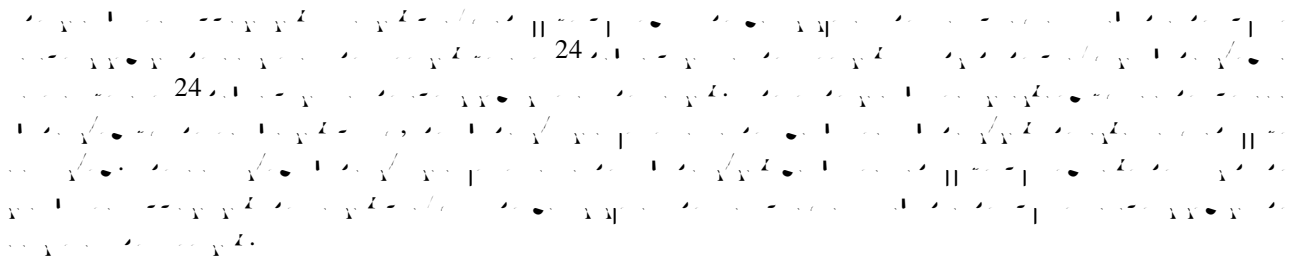
## Article 83

A  $\frac{X}{Y} = \frac{1}{2}$  时,  $\frac{X}{Y}$  的取值范围是  $\frac{X}{Y} = \frac{1}{2}$ ;

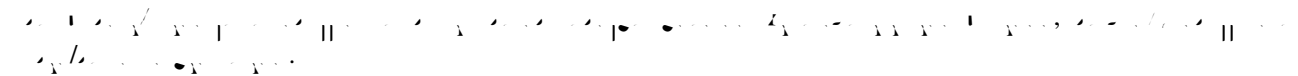




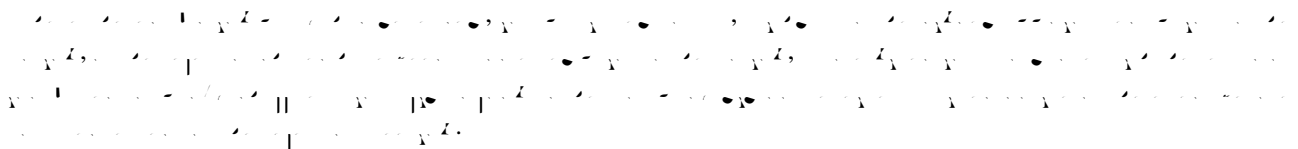
## Article 86



## Article 87



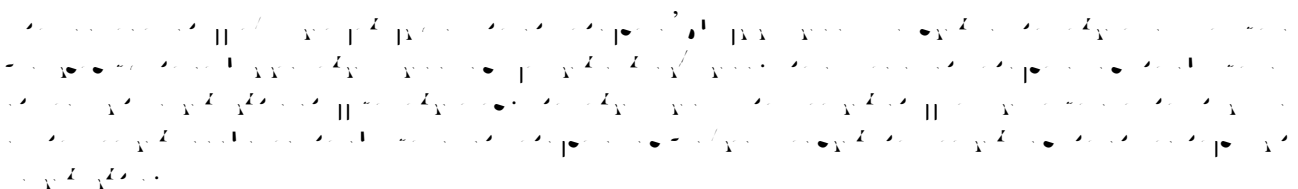
## Article 88



## Article 89



## Article 90



## Article 91

[illegible]

## Article 92

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

## Article 93

[illegible]

## Article 94

[illegible]

## Article 95







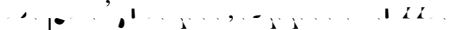
[illegible]

## Article 96

[illegible]

## Article 97

[illegible]

- (1) ;
- (2) ;
- (3) ;
- (4) ;
- (5) ;
- (6) ;
- (7) ;

## Article 98

[illegible]

## Article 99

[illegible]

## Section 5 Voting and Resolutions at General Meetings

## Article 100

[illegible]

## Article 101

[illegible]

## Article 102

Figure 1. The effect of the concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension on the transformation efficiency of *Agrobacterium* strains.

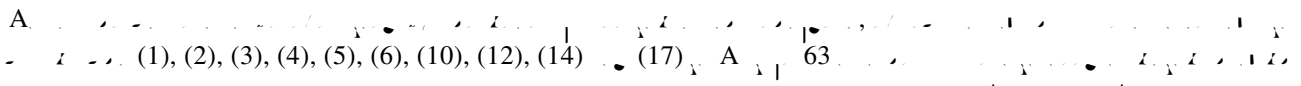
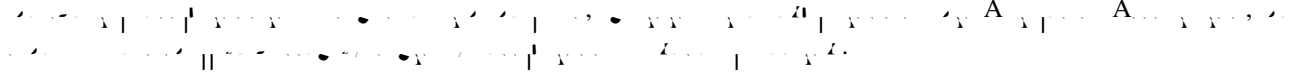

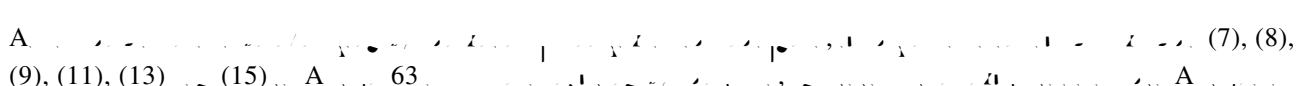
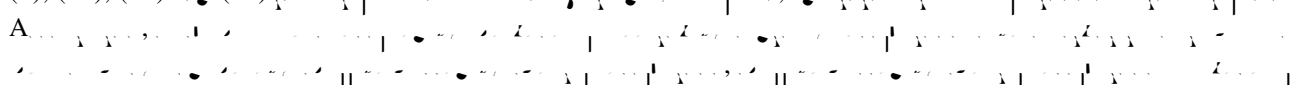
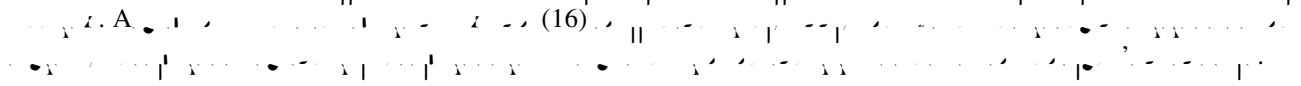

## Article 103

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^n \left\| \nabla_{\mathbf{X}} \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{Y}_i) \right\|^2 \right] &= \mathbb{E} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^n \left\| \nabla_{\mathbf{X}} \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{Y}_i) \right\|^2 \right] = \mathbb{E} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^n \left\| \nabla_{\mathbf{X}} \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{Y}_i) \right\|^2 \right] \\ &= \mathbb{E} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^n \left\| \nabla_{\mathbf{X}} \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{Y}_i) \right\|^2 \right] = \mathbb{E} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^n \left\| \nabla_{\mathbf{X}} \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{Y}_i) \right\|^2 \right] \end{aligned}$$

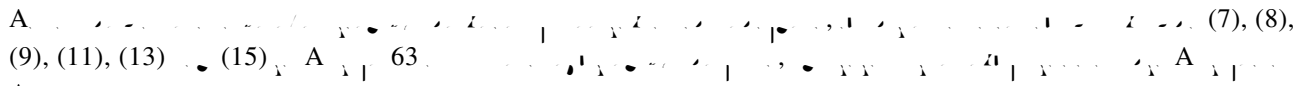

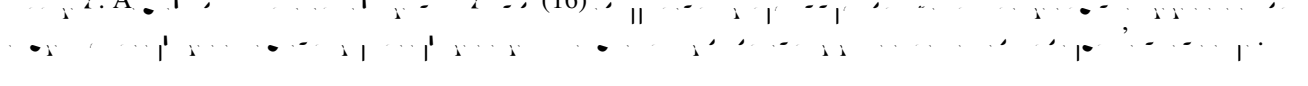

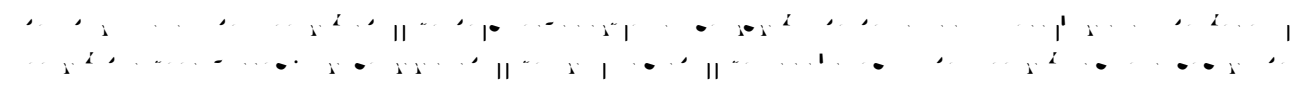














## Article 104

$\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$  and  $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ .

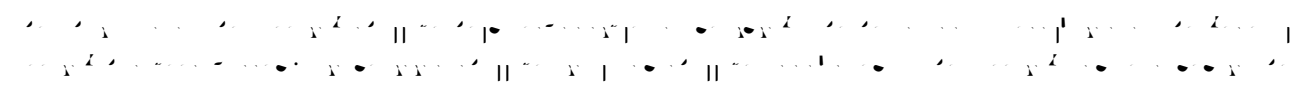














## Article 105

A  (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (10), (12), (14)  (17) A  63  A  A  A 

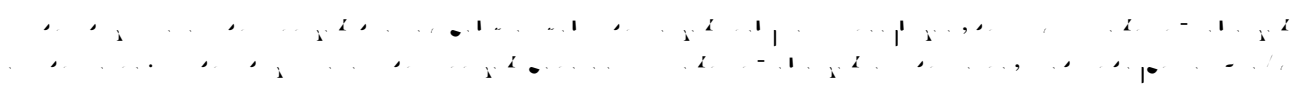












## Article 106

A  (7), (8), (9), (11), (13)  (15) A  63  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A 


## Article 107

A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A 








## Article 108

A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A 

## Article 109

A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A 

## Article 110

A  A  A  A  A  A  A 

## Chapter 9 Special Procedures for Voting at Class Meeting

## Article 111

[illegible]

## Article 112

[illegible]

## Article 113

- [illegible]







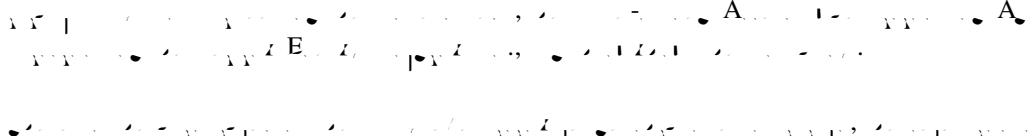


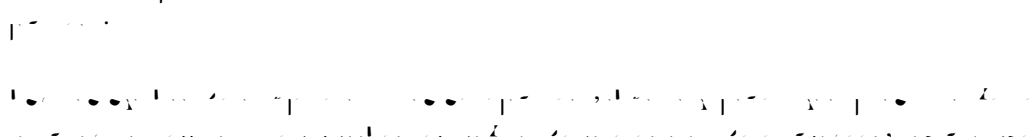
## Chapter 10 Party Committee

## Article 119

[illegible][illegible]

## Article 120

[illegible]

- (1) 
- (2) 
- (3) 
- (4) 





$\mathcal{A} = \{A_1, \dots, A_n\}$  is a set of  $n$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{B} = \{B_1, \dots, B_m\}$  is a set of  $m$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{C} = \{C_1, \dots, C_k\}$  is a set of  $k$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{D} = \{D_1, \dots, D_l\}$  is a set of  $l$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{E} = \{E_1, \dots, E_p\}$  is a set of  $p$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{F} = \{F_1, \dots, F_q\}$  is a set of  $q$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{G} = \{G_1, \dots, G_r\}$  is a set of  $r$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{H} = \{H_1, \dots, H_s\}$  is a set of  $s$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{I} = \{I_1, \dots, I_t\}$  is a set of  $t$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{J} = \{J_1, \dots, J_u\}$  is a set of  $u$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{K} = \{K_1, \dots, K_v\}$  is a set of  $v$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{L} = \{L_1, \dots, L_w\}$  is a set of  $w$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{M} = \{M_1, \dots, M_x\}$  is a set of  $x$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{N} = \{N_1, \dots, N_y\}$  is a set of  $y$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{O} = \{O_1, \dots, O_z\}$  is a set of  $z$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{P} = \{P_1, \dots, P_{d^2}\}$  is a set of  $d^2$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{Q} = \{Q_1, \dots, Q_{d^2}\}$  is a set of  $d^2$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{R} = \{R_1, \dots, R_{d^2}\}$  is a set of  $d^2$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{S} = \{S_1, \dots, S_{d^2}\}$  is a set of  $d^2$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{T} = \{T_1, \dots, T_{d^2}\}$  is a set of  $d^2$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{U} = \{U_1, \dots, U_{d^2}\}$  is a set of  $d^2$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{V} = \{V_1, \dots, V_{d^2}\}$  is a set of  $d^2$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{W} = \{W_1, \dots, W_{d^2}\}$  is a set of  $d^2$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{X} = \{X_1, \dots, X_{d^2}\}$  is a set of  $d^2$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{Y} = \{Y_1, \dots, Y_{d^2}\}$  is a set of  $d^2$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{Z} = \{Z_1, \dots, Z_{d^2}\}$  is a set of  $d^2$   $d \times d$  matrices,  $\mathcal{A} \cup \mathcal{B} \cup \mathcal{C} \cup \mathcal{D} \cup \mathcal{E} \cup \mathcal{F} \cup \mathcal{G} \cup \mathcal{H} \cup \mathcal{I} \cup \mathcal{J} \cup \mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{L} \cup \mathcal{M} \cup \mathcal{N} \cup \mathcal{O} \cup \mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{Q} \cup \mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S} \cup \mathcal{T} \cup \mathcal{U} \cup \mathcal{V} \cup \mathcal{W} \cup \mathcal{X} \cup \mathcal{Y} \cup \mathcal{Z}$  is a set of  $d^2$   $d \times d$  matrices.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

A. 

[illegible]

[illegible]

## Article 136

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \delta(x-a) dx = f(a)$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + v^j \frac{\partial}{\partial x^j} \right) \rho = -\rho \nabla_j v^j \\
& \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + v^j \frac{\partial}{\partial x^j} \right) v^i = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x^i} + \nu \Delta v^i \\
& \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + v^j \frac{\partial}{\partial x^j} \right) \theta = -\frac{1}{\rho} \nabla_j (\rho v^j \theta) + \kappa \Delta \theta \\
& \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + v^j \frac{\partial}{\partial x^j} \right) \phi = -\frac{1}{\rho} \nabla_j (\rho v^j \phi) + D \Delta \phi
\end{aligned}$$
[illegible]

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840.

- [illegible]



[illegible]

•  $\mathcal{A} = \{A_1, \dots, A_n\}$  is a family of  $n$  subsets of  $X$ , where  $n \geq 1$  and  $X$  is a set.  $\mathcal{A}$  is called a *partition* of  $X$  if

$$A_i \cap A_j = \emptyset \quad \text{for } i \neq j, \quad \text{and} \quad \bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i = X;$$

that is, the sets in  $\mathcal{A}$  are pairwise disjoint and their union is  $X$ . If  $\mathcal{A}$  is a partition of  $X$ , then the sets in  $\mathcal{A}$  are called the *parts* of the partition.

[illegible]

2.  $\mathcal{A} = \{A_1, \dots, A_n\}$  is a family of  $n$  subsets of  $X$  such that  $A_i \cap A_j = \emptyset$  for all  $i \neq j$ . Then  $\mathcal{A}$  is called a *partition* of  $X$ . If  $X = \emptyset$ , then  $\mathcal{A} = \{\emptyset\}$  is the only partition of  $X$ . If  $X \neq \emptyset$ , then  $\mathcal{A} = \{X\}$  is also a partition of  $X$ . If  $X \neq \emptyset$ , then  $\mathcal{A} = \{A_1, \dots, A_n\}$  is a partition of  $X$  if and only if  $A_i \cap A_j = \emptyset$  for all  $i \neq j$  and  $A_1 \cup \dots \cup A_n = X$ .

1. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud. (Common reed)

[illegible][illegible]

## Article 139

*(The following are the lyrics to "The Rose Tree," which was written by the author in 1907.)*

## Article 140

[illegible]

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in a single system with two staves. The top staff is for the voice and the bottom staff is for the piano accompaniment. The key signature has one sharp (F#), indicating the key of D major. The time signature is 4/4. The score begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The melody is written in a simple, folk-like style with many eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment consists of a steady eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a simple bass line in the left hand. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.






## Article 143

[illegible]

## Article 144

[illegible][illegible]

10 

[illegible]

## Article 145

[illegible][illegible]

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in three systems. The first system consists of a single line of music. The second system consists of two lines of music. The third system consists of two lines of music. The music is written in a simple, folk-like style with a key signature of one flat and a 2/4 time signature. The melody is simple and catchy, with a clear beginning and end. The lyrics are written below the notes, and the title 'The Rose Tree' is written at the top of the page.

## Article 146

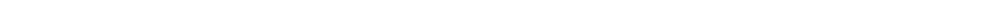
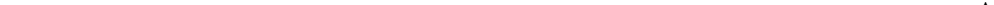
[illegible]

- [illegible]

## Article 147

[illegible]

## Article 148

E/  A 150, 

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-x^2} dx$

[illegible]

## Article 149

[illegible]

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in three systems. The first system consists of two staves: the upper staff is for the voice and the lower staff is for the piano accompaniment. The second system continues the vocal melody and piano accompaniment. The third system shows the vocal melody continuing on a single staff, with the piano accompaniment indicated by a double bar line and a repeat sign, suggesting it continues from the previous system. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The tempo is marked 'Moderato'. The lyrics are written below the vocal staff.

## Article 150

1.  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\nabla u|^2 dx = - \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} u \Delta u dx = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\nabla u|^2 dx$   
 2.  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\nabla u|^2 dx = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\nabla u|^2 dx$   
 3.  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\nabla u|^2 dx = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\nabla u|^2 dx$   
 4.  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\nabla u|^2 dx = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\nabla u|^2 dx$   
 5.  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\nabla u|^2 dx = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\nabla u|^2 dx$

## Article 151









[illegible]

## Article 152

Директор ООО "А" в течение 10 дней со дня вступления в силу настоящего решения должен:

1. В течение 10 дней со дня вступления в силу настоящего решения представить в ООО "А" отчет о выполнении обязанностей директора за период с 1 января 2018 года по 31 декабря 2018 года. Отчет должен содержать:

2. В течение 10 дней со дня вступления в силу настоящего решения представить в ООО "А" отчет о выполнении обязанностей директора за период с 1 января 2018 года по 31 декабря 2018 года.

## Article 153

Директор ООО "А" в течение 10 дней со дня вступления в силу настоящего решения должен:

- (1) В течение 10 дней со дня вступления в силу настоящего решения представить в ООО "А" отчет о выполнении обязанностей директора за период с 1 января 2018 года по 31 декабря 2018 года;
- (2) В течение 10 дней со дня вступления в силу настоящего решения представить в ООО "А" отчет о выполнении обязанностей директора за период с 1 января 2018 года по 31 декабря 2018 года;
- (3) В течение 10 дней со дня вступления в силу настоящего решения представить в ООО "А" отчет о выполнении обязанностей директора за период с 1 января 2018 года по 31 декабря 2018 года;
- (4) В течение 10 дней со дня вступления в силу настоящего решения представить в ООО "А" отчет о выполнении обязанностей директора за период с 1 января 2018 года по 31 декабря 2018 года;
- (5) В течение 10 дней со дня вступления в силу настоящего решения представить в ООО "А" отчет о выполнении обязанностей директора за период с 1 января 2018 года по 31 декабря 2018 года;

## Article 154

Директор ООО "А" в течение 10 дней со дня вступления в силу настоящего решения должен:

## Chapter 12 Secretary to the Board of Directors

## Article 155

Директор ООО "А" в течение 10 дней со дня вступления в силу настоящего решения должен:

## Article 156

Директор ООО "А" в течение 10 дней со дня вступления в силу настоящего решения должен:








## Article 163

[illegible][illegible]

- (1) 
- (2) 
- (3) 
- (4) 

## Article 164

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + v^j \frac{\partial}{\partial x^j} - \Delta \right) u = f(x), \quad u|_{t=0} = g(x), \\ & u|_{x_1=0} = h(x), \quad u|_{x_1=L} = k(x). \end{aligned}$$

## Chapter 14 General Counsel

## Article 165

[illegible][illegible]

## Article 166

## Chapter 15 Board of Supervisors

## Section 1 Supervisors

## Article 167

[illegible]

## Article 168

A  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -action on  $\mathbb{R}^n$  is called *linear* if it is induced by a linear map  $L: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$  with  $L^2 = \text{id}$ . In this case, the quotient space  $\mathbb{R}^n / \mathbb{Z}_2$  is homeomorphic to  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . If  $L$  is not linear, the quotient space is more complicated. For example, if  $L$  is a rotation by  $\pi$  in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , the quotient space is a cone. In general, the quotient space  $\mathbb{R}^n / \mathbb{Z}_2$  is a manifold with boundary if  $L$  is linear and  $L \neq \pm \text{id}$ . The boundary is a sphere of dimension  $n-1$ .

## Article 169

[illegible]

## Article 170

A direct consequence of Proposition 6.1 is the following theorem.

## Article 171

A.1.1. *Case 1:  $\alpha = 0$*  In this case, the system (A.1) reduces to

## Article 172

[illegible]

## Article 173

A.1.1.  $\mathcal{A} = \mathcal{A}_1 \oplus \mathcal{A}_2$ . In this case,  $\mathcal{A}_1$  and  $\mathcal{A}_2$  are both  $\mathcal{A}$ -bimodules. The  $\mathcal{A}$ -bimodule  $\mathcal{A}_1$  is a direct summand of  $\mathcal{A}$  as an  $\mathcal{A}$ -bimodule. The  $\mathcal{A}$ -bimodule  $\mathcal{A}_2$  is a direct summand of  $\mathcal{A}$  as an  $\mathcal{A}$ -bimodule. The  $\mathcal{A}$ -bimodule  $\mathcal{A}_1$  is a direct summand of  $\mathcal{A}$  as an  $\mathcal{A}$ -bimodule. The  $\mathcal{A}$ -bimodule  $\mathcal{A}_2$  is a direct summand of  $\mathcal{A}$  as an  $\mathcal{A}$ -bimodule.

[illegible]

## Section 2 Board of supervisors

## Article 174

1. *Pharmaceuticals*      2. *Pharmaceuticals*      3. *Pharmaceuticals*      4. *Pharmaceuticals*      5. *Pharmaceuticals*      6. *Pharmaceuticals*      7. *Pharmaceuticals*      8. *Pharmaceuticals*      9. *Pharmaceuticals*      10. *Pharmaceuticals*      11. *Pharmaceuticals*      12. *Pharmaceuticals*      13. *Pharmaceuticals*      14. *Pharmaceuticals*      15. *Pharmaceuticals*      16. *Pharmaceuticals*      17. *Pharmaceuticals*      18. *Pharmaceuticals*      19. *Pharmaceuticals*      20. *Pharmaceuticals*      21. *Pharmaceuticals*      22. *Pharmaceuticals*      23. *Pharmaceuticals*      24. *Pharmaceuticals*      25. *Pharmaceuticals*      26. *Pharmaceuticals*      27. *Pharmaceuticals*      28. *Pharmaceuticals*      29. *Pharmaceuticals*      30. *Pharmaceuticals*      31. *Pharmaceuticals*      32. *Pharmaceuticals*      33. *Pharmaceuticals*      34. *Pharmaceuticals*      35. *Pharmaceuticals*      36. *Pharmaceuticals*      37. *Pharmaceuticals*      38. *Pharmaceuticals*      39. *Pharmaceuticals*      40. *Pharmaceuticals*      41. *Pharmaceuticals*      42. *Pharmaceuticals*      43. *Pharmaceuticals*      44. *Pharmaceuticals*      45. *Pharmaceuticals*      46. *Pharmaceuticals*      47. *Pharmaceuticals*      48. *Pharmaceuticals*      49. *Pharmaceuticals*      50. *Pharmaceuticals*      51. *Pharmaceuticals*      52. *Pharmaceuticals*      53. *Pharmaceuticals*      54. *Pharmaceuticals*      55. *Pharmaceuticals*      56. *Pharmaceuticals*      57. *Pharmaceuticals*      58. *Pharmaceuticals*      59. *Pharmaceuticals*      60. *Pharmaceuticals*      61. *Pharmaceuticals*      62. *Pharmaceuticals*      63. *Pharmaceuticals*      64. *Pharmaceuticals*      65. *Pharmaceuticals*      66. *Pharmaceuticals*      67. *Pharmaceuticals*      68. *Pharmaceuticals*      69. *Pharmaceuticals*      70. *Pharmaceuticals*      71. *Pharmaceuticals*      72. *Pharmaceuticals*      73. *Pharmaceuticals*      74. *Pharmaceuticals*      75. *Pharmaceuticals*      76. *Pharmaceuticals*      77. *Pharmaceuticals*      78. *Pharmaceuticals*      79. *Pharmaceuticals*      80. *Pharmaceuticals*      81. *Pharmaceuticals*      82. *Pharmaceuticals*      83. *Pharmaceuticals*      84. *Pharmaceuticals*      85. *Pharmaceuticals*      86. *Pharmaceuticals*      87. *Pharmaceuticals*      88. *Pharmaceuticals*      89. *Pharmaceuticals*      90. *Pharmaceuticals*      91. *Pharmaceuticals*      92. *Pharmaceuticals*      93. *Pharmaceuticals*      94. *Pharmaceuticals*      95. *Pharmaceuticals*      96. *Pharmaceuticals*      97. *Pharmaceuticals*      98. *Pharmaceuticals*      99. *Pharmaceuticals*      100. *Pharmaceuticals*





## Article 178

## Article 179

## Article 180

## Article 181

## Article 182

(1)

(2)

(3)

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

- 56



[illegible]

[illegible]

6.  $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}) = \{ \langle \mathcal{A}, \mathcal{A} \rangle \}$  and  $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}) \cap \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{B}) = \emptyset$  if  $\mathcal{A} \neq \mathcal{B}$ . Then  $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A})$  is a partition of  $\mathcal{L}$  and  $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A})$  is a  $\sigma$ -algebra on  $\mathcal{L}$ .  $\square$

[illegible]

8.  $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_n$  is a  $\mathcal{P}$ -matrix if and only if  $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_n^{\mathcal{P}}$  and  $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_n^{\mathcal{P}}$  if and only if  $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_n^{\mathcal{P}}$  and  $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_n^{\mathcal{P}}$ .

[illegible]

[illegible]

11.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ ;  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ ;  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ ;  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

[illegible]

[illegible]

$$(1) \quad -\frac{1}{2} \leq x_1 \leq \frac{1}{2};$$

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

## Article 190

E. Connected Persons (Connected Persons) ( )

- [illegible]

## Article 191

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented on five staves. The first staff is the vocal melody, starting on a treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The melody is written in a simple, folk-like style. The second staff is a piano accompaniment, also on a treble clef, featuring a steady eighth-note bass line and a melody in the right hand. The third staff is a piano accompaniment on a bass clef, providing a harmonic foundation with a steady eighth-note bass line and a melody in the left hand. The fourth staff is a piano accompaniment on a treble clef, featuring a steady eighth-note bass line and a melody in the right hand. The fifth staff is a piano accompaniment on a bass clef, providing a harmonic foundation with a steady eighth-note bass line and a melody in the left hand. The score is written in a simple, folk-like style, suitable for a children's song.

## Article 192

[illegible]

## Article 193

[illegible][illegible]



## Article 198

[illegible]

1.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i \\ -1 & i \end{pmatrix}$
2.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

## Article 199

[illegible]

## Article 200

$\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \subset \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$  and  $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \subset \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ . In particular,  $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \subset \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$  and  $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \subset \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ .

- [illegible]



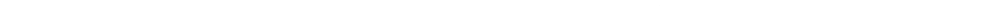








[illegible]

(1) 

(2) 

## Article 218

[illegible]

## Article 219

[illegible]

## Chapter 18 Appointment of an Accounting Firm

## Article 220

$\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |u|^2 dx = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} u \frac{du}{dt} dx = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} u \left( -\Delta u + u \cdot \nabla u \right) dx = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\nabla u|^2 dx + \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} u \cdot \nabla u \cdot \nabla u dx$

[illegible][illegible]

## Article 221

[illegible]

## Article 222

A.  $\mathcal{A} = \{A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4, A_5, A_6, A_7, A_8, A_9, A_{10}, A_{11}, A_{12}, A_{13}, A_{14}, A_{15}, A_{16}, A_{17}, A_{18}, A_{19}, A_{20}, A_{21}, A_{22}, A_{23}, A_{24}, A_{25}, A_{26}, A_{27}, A_{28}, A_{29}, A_{30}, A_{31}, A_{32}, A_{33}, A_{34}, A_{35}, A_{36}, A_{37}, A_{38}, A_{39}, A_{40}, A_{41}, A_{42}, A_{43}, A_{44}, A_{45}, A_{46}, A_{47}, A_{48}, A_{49}, A_{50}, A_{51}, A_{52}, A_{53}, A_{54}, A_{55}, A_{56}, A_{57}, A_{58}, A_{59}, A_{60}, A_{61}, A_{62}, A_{63}, A_{64}, A_{65}, A_{66}, A_{67}, A_{68}, A_{69}, A_{70}, A_{71}, A_{72}, A_{73}, A_{74}, A_{75}, A_{76}, A_{77}, A_{78}, A_{79}, A_{80}, A_{81}, A_{82}, A_{83}, A_{84}, A_{85}, A_{86}, A_{87}, A_{88}, A_{89}, A_{90}, A_{91}, A_{92}, A_{93}, A_{94}, A_{95}, A_{96}, A_{97}, A_{98}, A_{99}, A_{100}\}$

[illegible]





## Chapter 19 Merger, Division, Dissolution and Liquidation

## Section 1 Merger and Division

## Article 228

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented on ten staves. The first staff is the vocal melody, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The melody is written in a simple, folk-like style with many eighth and sixteenth notes. The second staff is a piano accompaniment, starting with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. It features a steady eighth-note bass line and chords that support the melody. The third staff is a second vocal melody, also in treble clef and one flat, which enters later in the piece. The fourth staff is a second piano accompaniment, in bass clef and one flat, providing harmonic support for the second melody. The fifth staff is a third vocal melody, in treble clef and one flat, which enters towards the end of the piece. The sixth staff is a third piano accompaniment, in bass clef and one flat, supporting the third melody. The seventh staff is a fourth vocal melody, in treble clef and one flat, which enters at the very end. The eighth staff is a fourth piano accompaniment, in bass clef and one flat, supporting the fourth melody. The ninth staff is a fifth vocal melody, in treble clef and one flat, which enters at the very end. The tenth staff is a fifth piano accompaniment, in bass clef and one flat, supporting the fifth melody. The piece concludes with a final chord on the tenth staff.

[illegible]

## Article 229

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-x^2} dx$

[illegible][illegible]

## Article 230

A.  $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \subset \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$  and  $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \subset \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$  are both true.

[illegible][illegible]

## Article 231

[illegible]



## Section 2 Dissolution and Liquidation

## Article 232

[illegible]

- [illegible]

## Article 233

[illegible][illegible]

## Article 234

[illegible][illegible][illegible]



## Article 238

[illegible]

$\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1 \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$  is a  $\mathbb{P}^1$ -bundle over  $\mathbb{P}^1$ . The total space is a  $\mathbb{P}^1$ -bundle over  $\mathbb{P}^1$ . The total space is a  $\mathbb{P}^1$ -bundle over  $\mathbb{P}^1$ . The total space is a  $\mathbb{P}^1$ -bundle over  $\mathbb{P}^1$ .

## Article 239

[illegible]

## Article 240

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

## Chapter 20 Amendment to Articles of Association

## Article 241

[illegible]

## Article 242

$\mathcal{C} = \{C_1, \dots, C_n\}$  is a  $\mathcal{C}$ - $\mathcal{C}$  decomposition of  $\mathcal{C}$  if and only if  $\mathcal{C} = \mathcal{C}_1 \cup \dots \cup \mathcal{C}_n$  and  $\mathcal{C}_i \cap \mathcal{C}_j = \emptyset$  for  $i \neq j$ .

- (1)  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X}} \cap \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{Y}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X} \cap \mathcal{Y}}$ ,  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X}} \cup \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{Y}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X} \cup \mathcal{Y}}$ ,  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X}} \cap \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{Y}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X} \cap \mathcal{Y}}$ ,  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X}} \cup \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{Y}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X} \cup \mathcal{Y}}$ ;
- (2)  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X}} \cap \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{Y}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X} \cap \mathcal{Y}}$ ,  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X}} \cup \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{Y}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X} \cup \mathcal{Y}}$ ,  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X}} \cap \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{Y}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X} \cap \mathcal{Y}}$ ,  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X}} \cup \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{Y}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X} \cup \mathcal{Y}}$ ;
- (3)  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X}} \cap \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{Y}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X} \cap \mathcal{Y}}$ ,  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X}} \cup \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{Y}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X} \cup \mathcal{Y}}$ ,  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X}} \cap \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{Y}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X} \cap \mathcal{Y}}$ ,  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X}} \cup \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{Y}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{X} \cup \mathcal{Y}}$ .

## Article 243

[illegible]

## Article 244

[illegible][illegible]

- [illegible]

## Article 245

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}} = \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}} = \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T (\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}} \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T) \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}} = \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T \mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{X}} \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}} = \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}} \\ & \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}} \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T = \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}} \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}} \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T = \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}} (\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}) \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T = \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}} \mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{X}} \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T = \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}} \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{X}}^T \end{aligned}$$

## Chapter 21 Notice

## Article 246

[illegible]

- [illegible]





## Chapter 23 Supplementary Articles

## Article 251

### Definition

- (1)  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  is a symmetric matrix,  $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n$  is a vector, and  $\mathbf{I}$  is the identity matrix. Then, the matrix  $\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{I}$  is symmetric, and the vector  $\mathbf{x}$  is in the null space of  $\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{I}$ . This implies that  $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x}$ .
- (2)  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  is a symmetric matrix,  $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n$  is a vector, and  $\mathbf{I}$  is the identity matrix. Then, the matrix  $\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{I}$  is symmetric, and the vector  $\mathbf{x}$  is in the null space of  $\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{I}$ . This implies that  $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x}$ .
- (3)  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  is a symmetric matrix,  $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n$  is a vector, and  $\mathbf{I}$  is the identity matrix. Then, the matrix  $\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{I}$  is symmetric, and the vector  $\mathbf{x}$  is in the null space of  $\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{I}$ . This implies that  $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x}$ .

## Article 252

**A**

**B**

**C**

## Article 253

$$\mathcal{L}_1(\mathbf{X}) = \sum_{i=1}^n \|\mathbf{x}_i\|_1, \quad \mathcal{L}_2(\mathbf{X}) = \sum_{i=1}^n \|\mathbf{x}_i\|_2^2, \quad \mathcal{L}_F(\mathbf{X}) = \sum_{i=1}^n \|\mathbf{x}_i\|_F^2, \quad \mathcal{L}_\infty(\mathbf{X}) = \sum_{i=1}^n \|\mathbf{x}_i\|_\infty^2, \quad \mathcal{L}_\infty(\mathbf{X}) = \sum_{i=1}^n \|\mathbf{x}_i\|_\infty^2.$$

## Article 254

[illegible]

## Article 255

[illegible]